

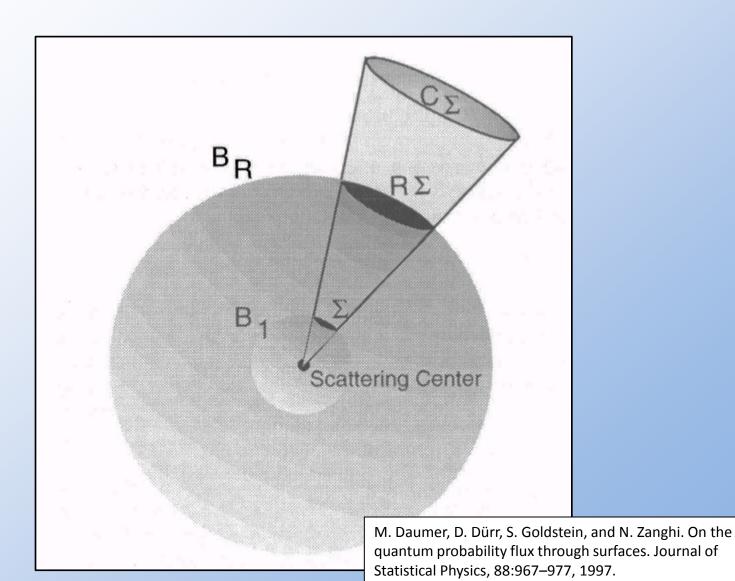


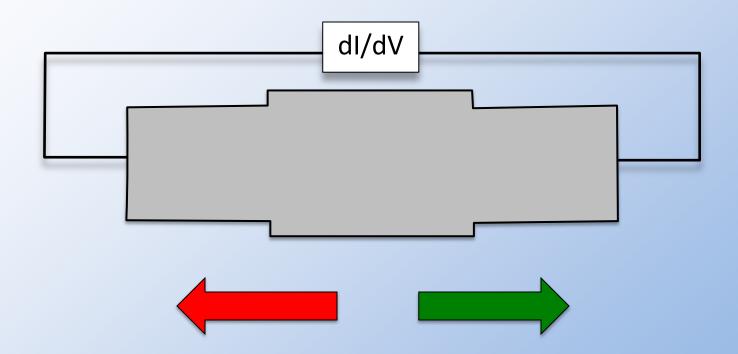


Extending the Flux Operator with Coherent-State Projections

Douglas Mason
DOE CSGF Conference 2012
Washington, D.C.

The Problem





Does the electron propagate or reflect back? We use the flux operator to find out.

The Flux Operator

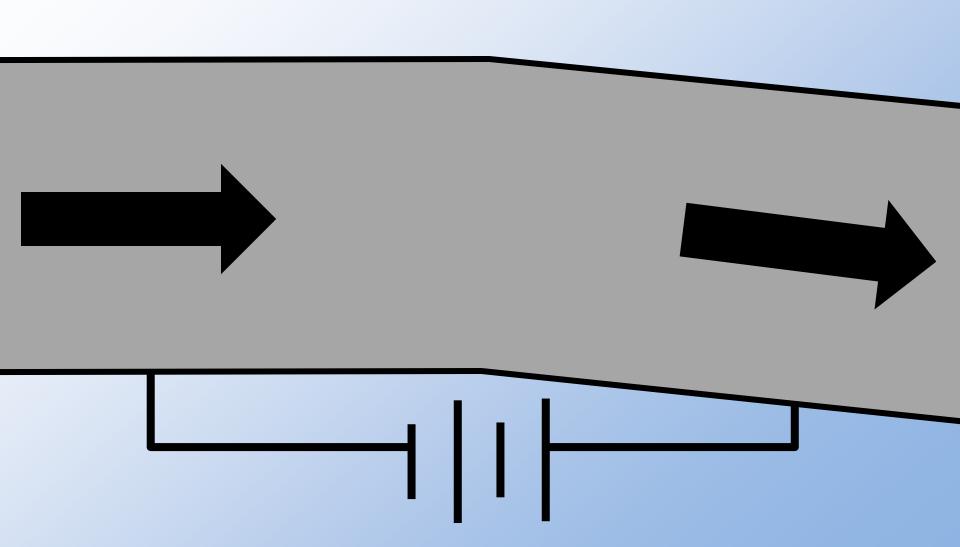
$$\vec{j} = \frac{\hbar}{2m i} \left(\Psi^* \vec{\nabla} \Psi - \Psi \vec{\nabla} \Psi^* \right) = \frac{\hbar}{m} Im(\Psi^* \vec{\nabla} \Psi)$$

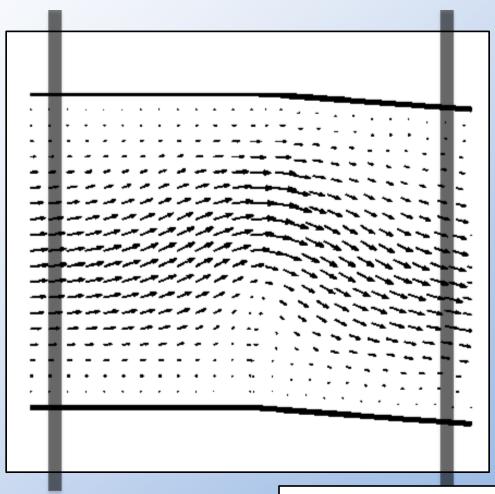
$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}| \,\hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \, |\mathbf{r}\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}| \right)$$

The Flux Operator

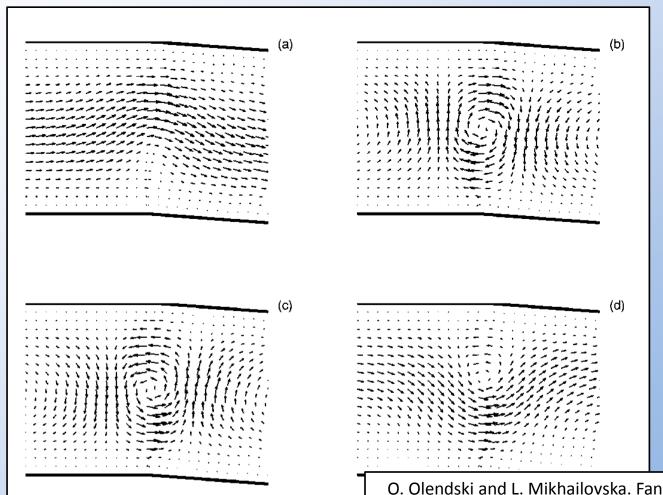
$$\Delta x \Delta k \geq \hbar/2$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}| \,\hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \, |\mathbf{r}\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}| \right)$$

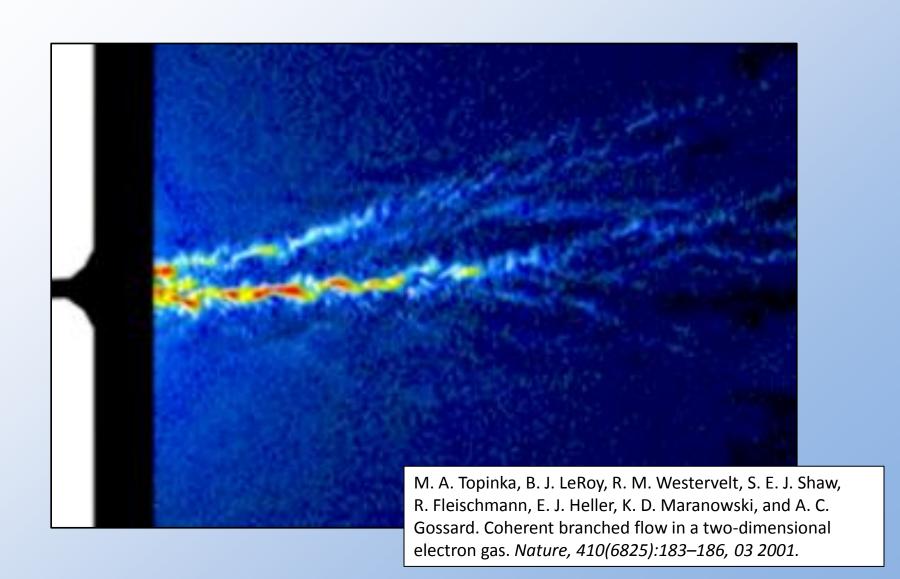


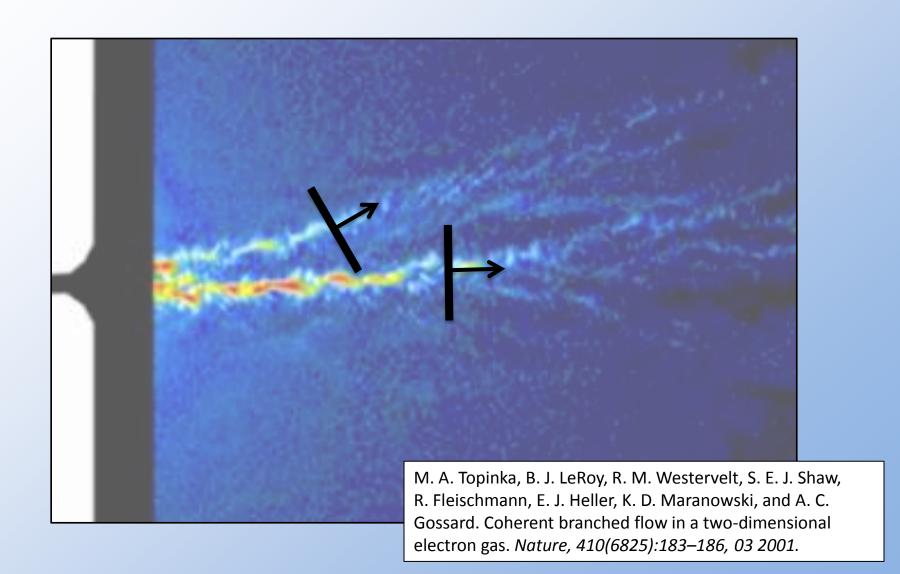


O. Olendski and L. Mikhailovska. Fano resonances of a curved waveguide with an embedded quantum dot. *Phys. Rev. B, 67:035310, Jan 2003.*

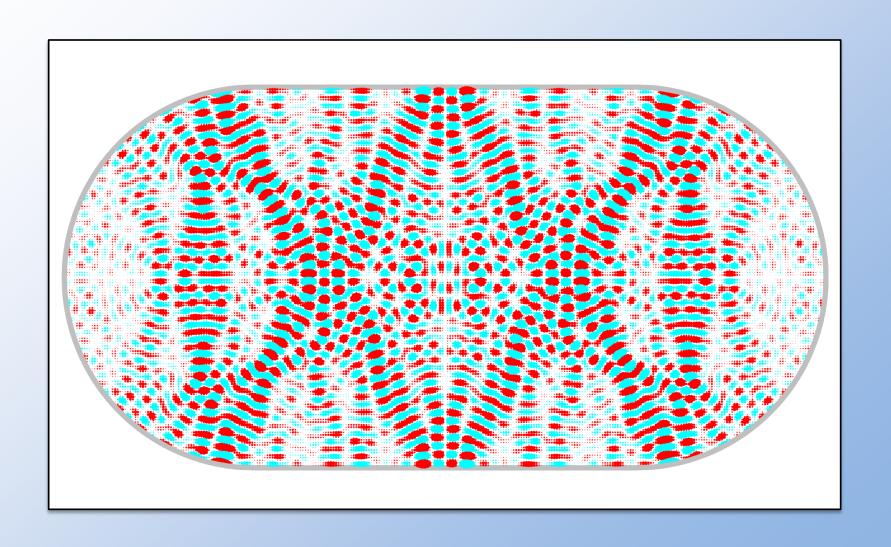


O. Olendski and L. Mikhailovska. Fano resonances of a curved waveguide with an embedded quantum dot. *Phys. Rev. B, 67:035310, Jan 2003.*

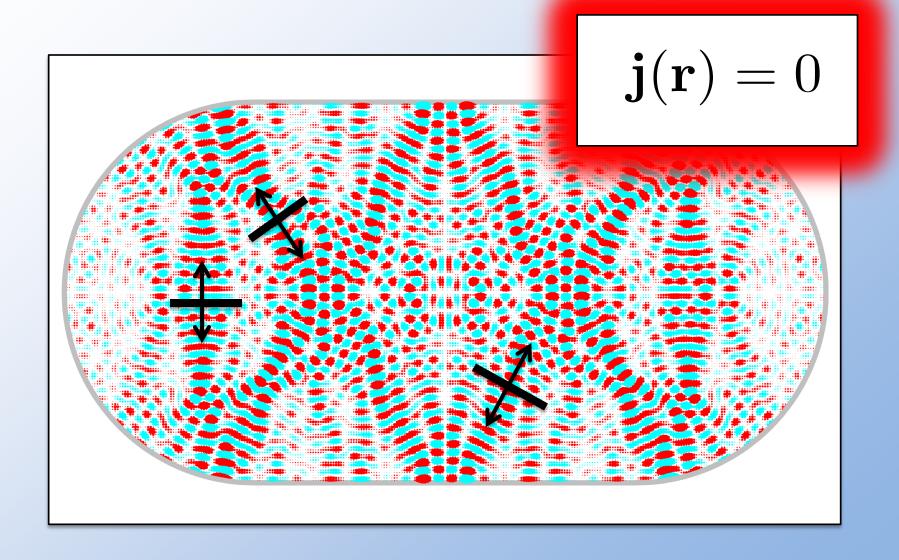




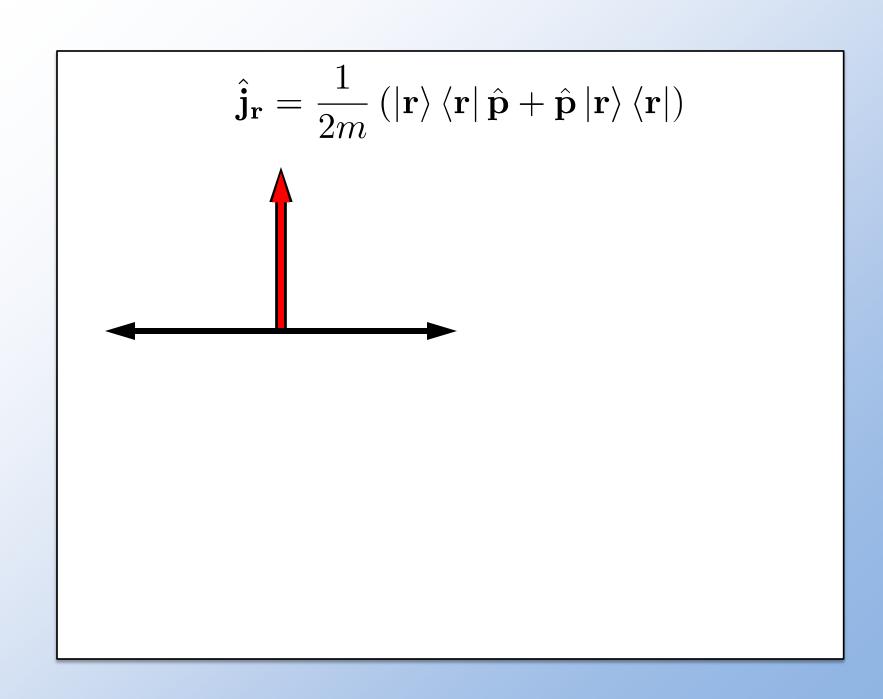
Resonance

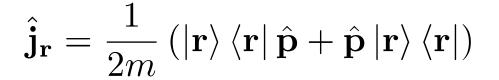


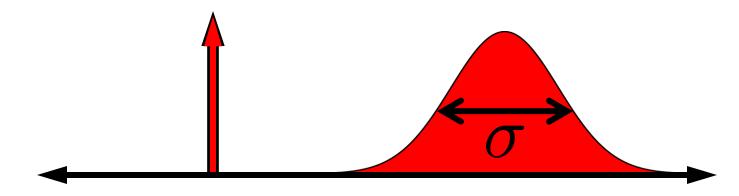
Resonance



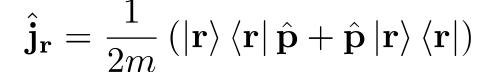
Solution

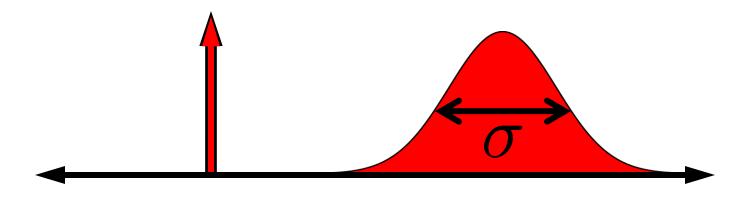






$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{\pi/2}}\right)^{d/2} e^{-(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0)^2/4\sigma^2}$$





$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{\pi/2}} \right)^{d/2} e^{-(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0)^2/4\sigma^2}$$



$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma|\,\hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}}\,|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma| \right) \right.$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma| \,\hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \, |\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma| \right)$$

$$\hat{j}_{\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma,i} \ket{\lambda_{\sigma,i}} = \lambda_{\sigma,i} \ket{\lambda_{\sigma,i}}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma|\,\hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}}\,|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma| \right) \right)$$

$$\hat{j}_{\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma,i} |\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle = \lambda_{\sigma,i} |\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle$$

Proposed Sol'n:

$$|\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle = |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle + a\hat{p}_i |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma \right| \hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \left| \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma \right| \right)$$

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Proposed Sol'n:

$$|\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle = |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle + a\hat{p}_i |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle$$

$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \lambda_{\sigma,i,\pm} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle \pm \frac{i}{\sigma} \mathbf{e}_i \cdot (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0) \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle$$

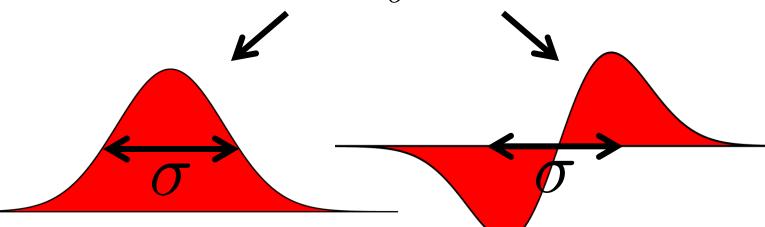
$$\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma} = \frac{1}{2m} \left(|\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma \right| \hat{\mathbf{p}} + \hat{\mathbf{p}} \left| \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma \right| \right)$$

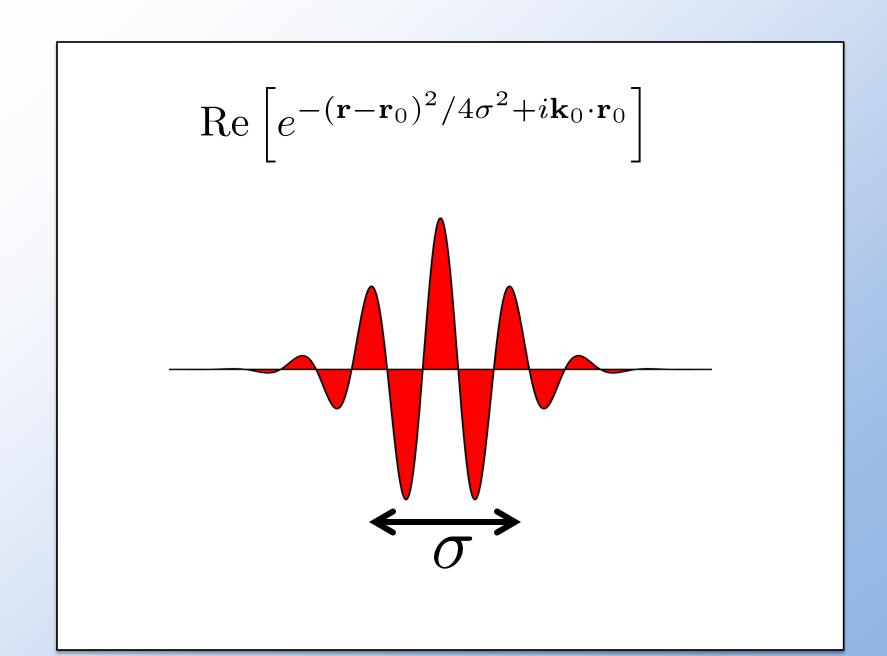
$$\hat{j}_{\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma,i} |\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle = \lambda_{\sigma,i} |\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle$$

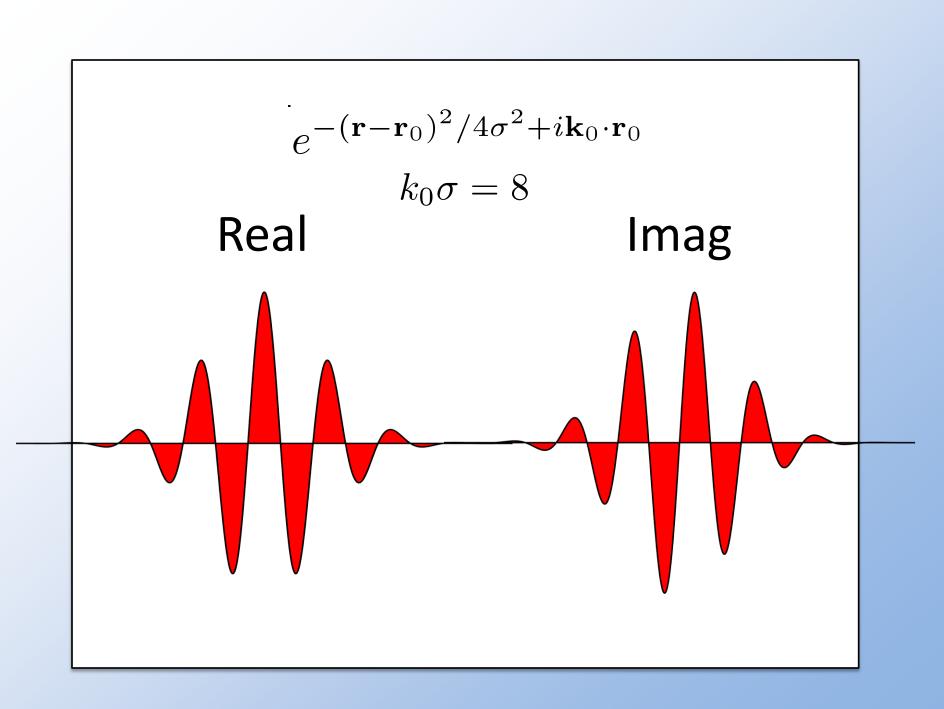
Proposed Sol'n:

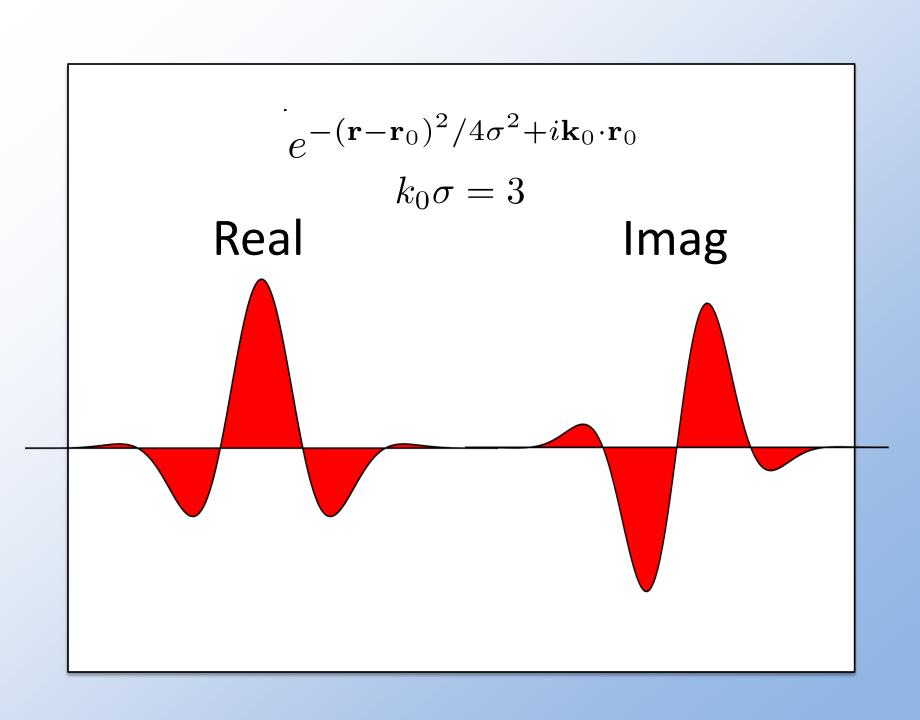
$$|\lambda_{\sigma,i}\rangle = |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle + a\hat{p}_i |\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma\rangle$$

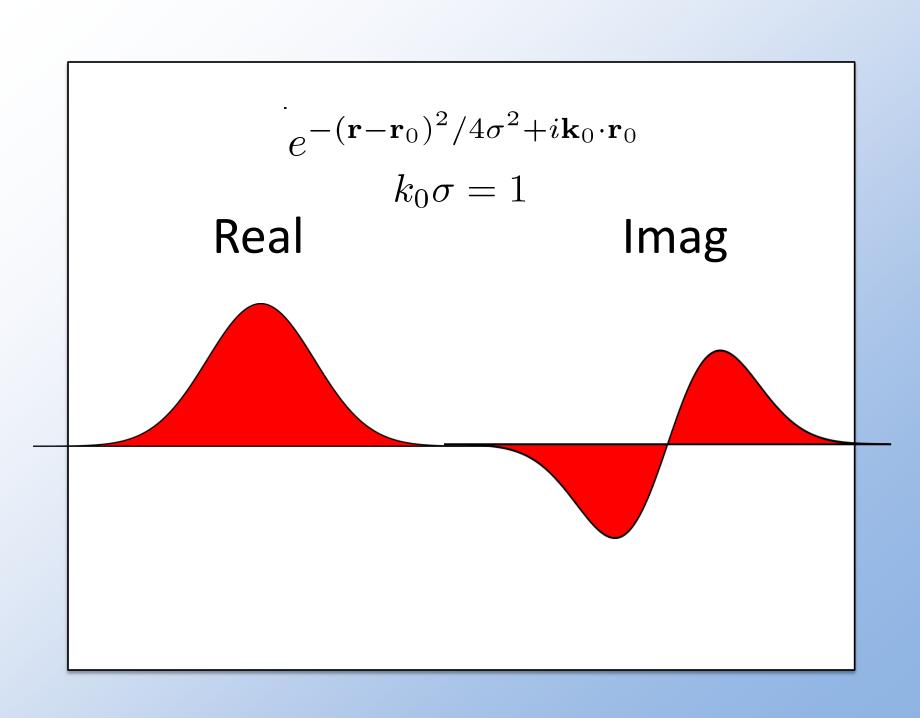
$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \lambda_{\sigma,i,\pm} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle \pm \frac{i}{\sigma} \mathbf{e}_i \cdot (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0) \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle$$





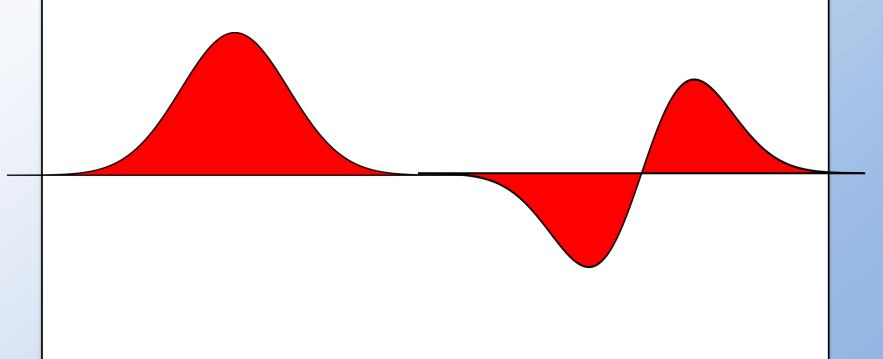






Taylor Expansion of Coherent State

$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma \rangle \approx \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle + i \mathbf{k}_0 \cdot (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0) \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle$$



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$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma \rangle \approx \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle + i \mathbf{k}_0 \cdot (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0) \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle$$



$$\langle \mathbf{r} | \lambda_{\sigma,i,\pm} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle \oplus \frac{i}{\sigma} \mathbf{e}_i \cdot (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0) \langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{r}_0, \sigma \rangle$$

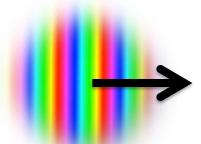
Flux expectation value:

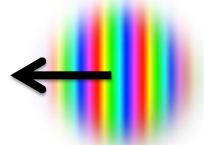
$$\left\langle \psi \left| \hat{j}_{\mathbf{r}_{0},\sigma,i} \right| \psi \right\rangle = \lambda \left| \left\langle \psi \right| \lambda_{1} \right\rangle \right|^{2} - \lambda \left| \left\langle \psi \right| \lambda_{2} \right\rangle \right|^{2}$$



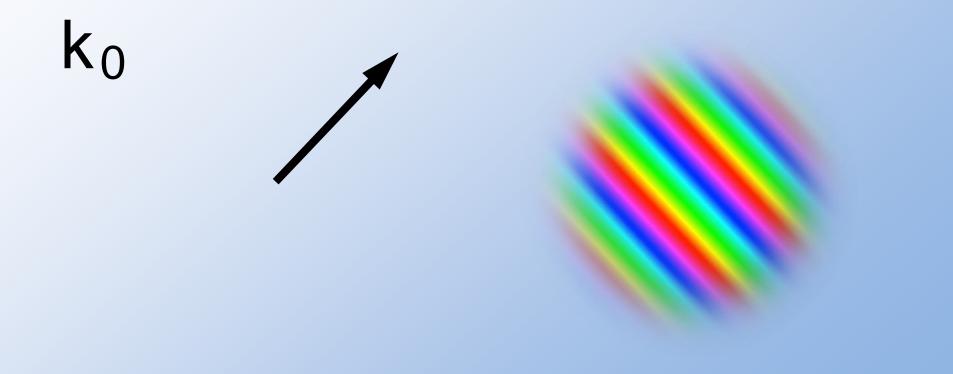
$$\lim_{\sigma k_0 \to 0} \left\langle \psi \left| \hat{j}_{\mathbf{r}_0, \sigma, i} \right| \psi \right\rangle =$$

$$\frac{\hbar k_0}{4m\sigma^2} [|\langle \psi | \mathbf{r}_0, k_0 \mathbf{e}_i, \sigma \rangle|^2 - |\langle \psi | \mathbf{r}_0, -k_0 \mathbf{e}_i, \sigma \rangle|^2]$$

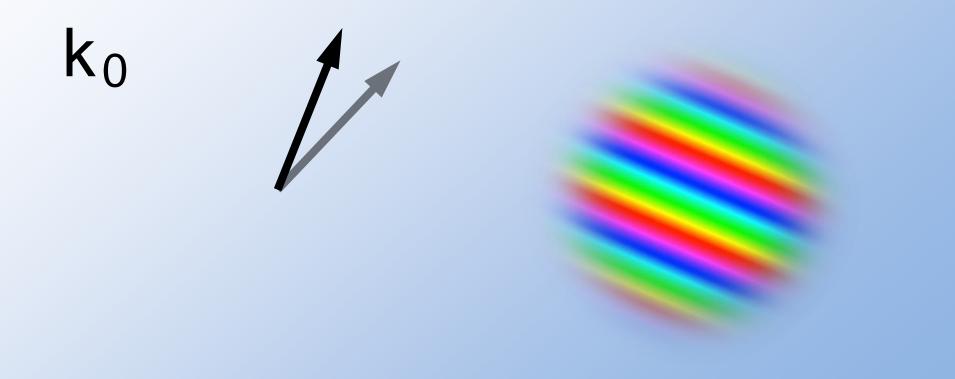




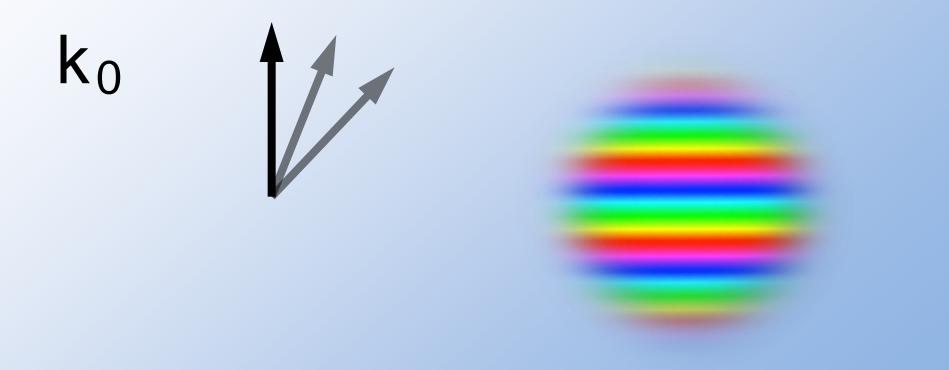
$$\text{Hu}(r_0, k_0, \sigma; (r)) = |h| |r_0, k_0, \sigma i|^2$$



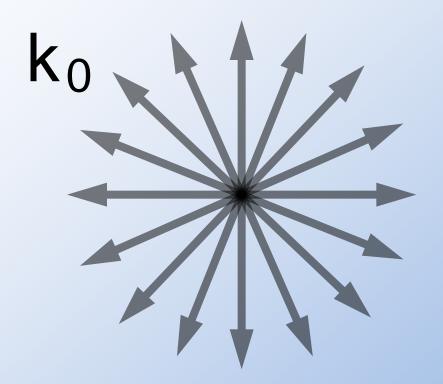
$$\text{Hu}(r_0, k_0, \sigma; (r)) = |h| |r_0, k_0, \sigma i|^2$$



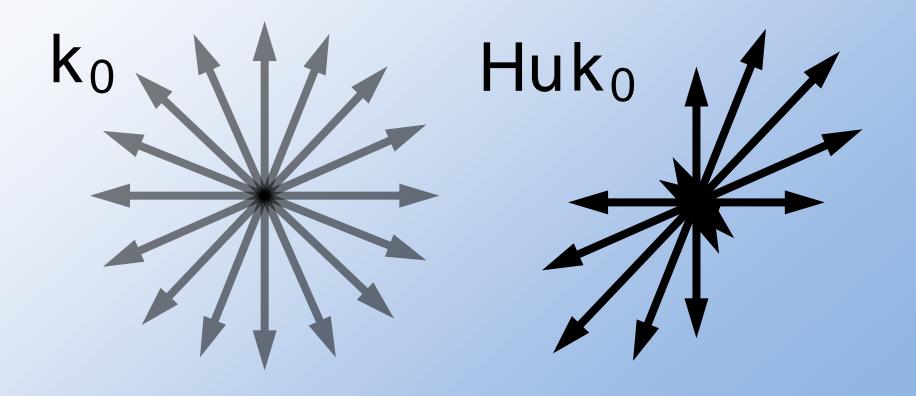
$$\operatorname{Hu}(\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma; (\mathbf{r})) = |h| |\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma i|^2$$



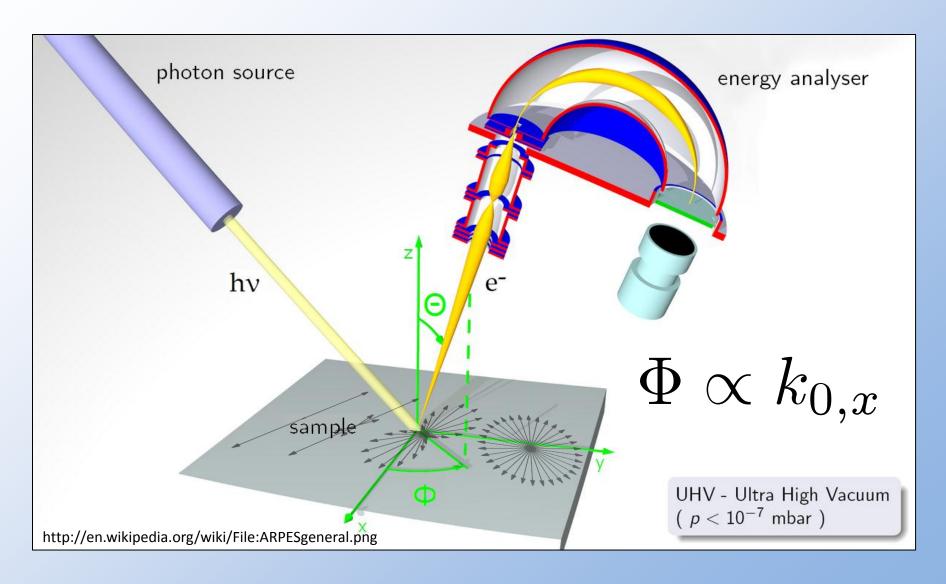
$$\operatorname{Hu}(\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma; (\mathbf{r})) = |h| |\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma i|^2$$

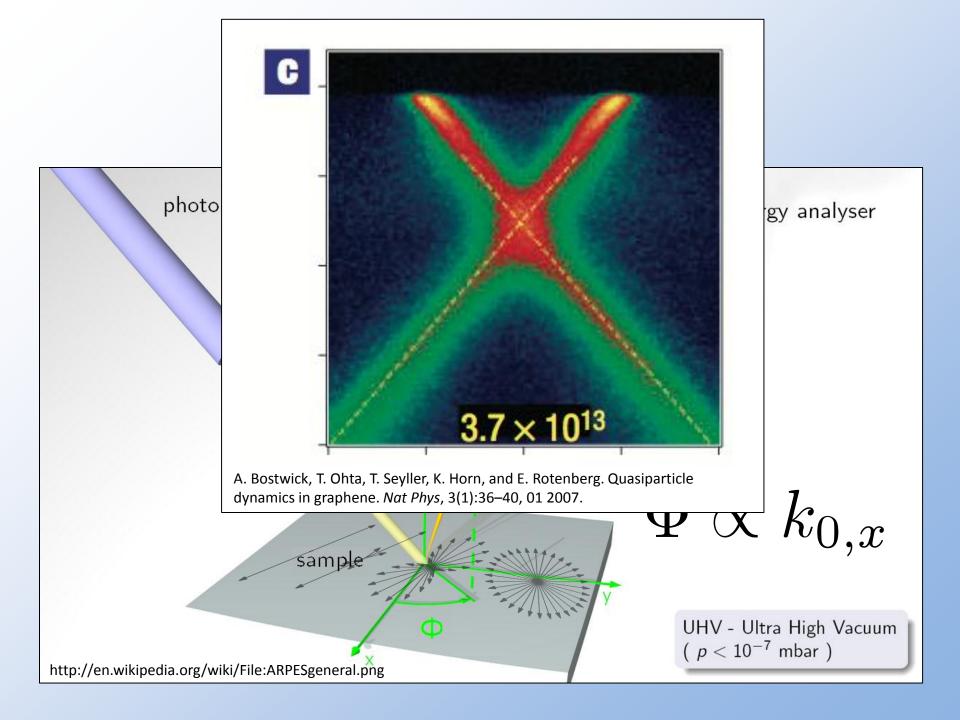


$$Hu(r_0,k_0,\sigma; (r)) = |h|/r_0,k_0,\sigma i|^2$$

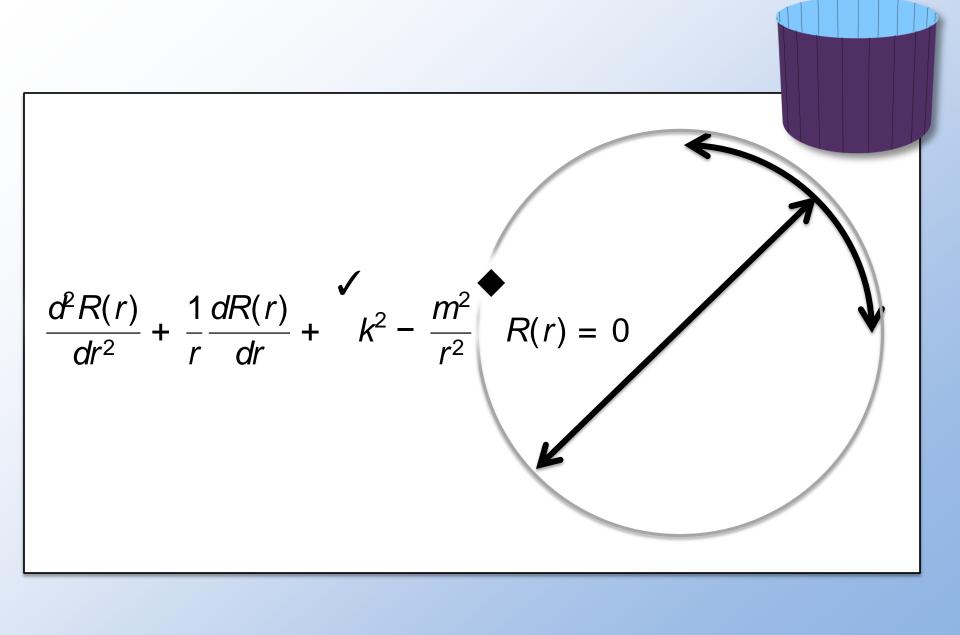


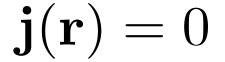
$$\left\langle \psi \left| \hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{r}_0,\sigma} \right| \psi \right\rangle \approx \int \mathbf{k}_0 \left| \left\langle \psi \right| \mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma \right\rangle \right|^2 d^d k_0$$



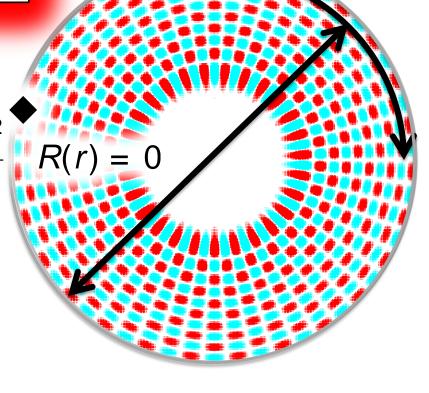


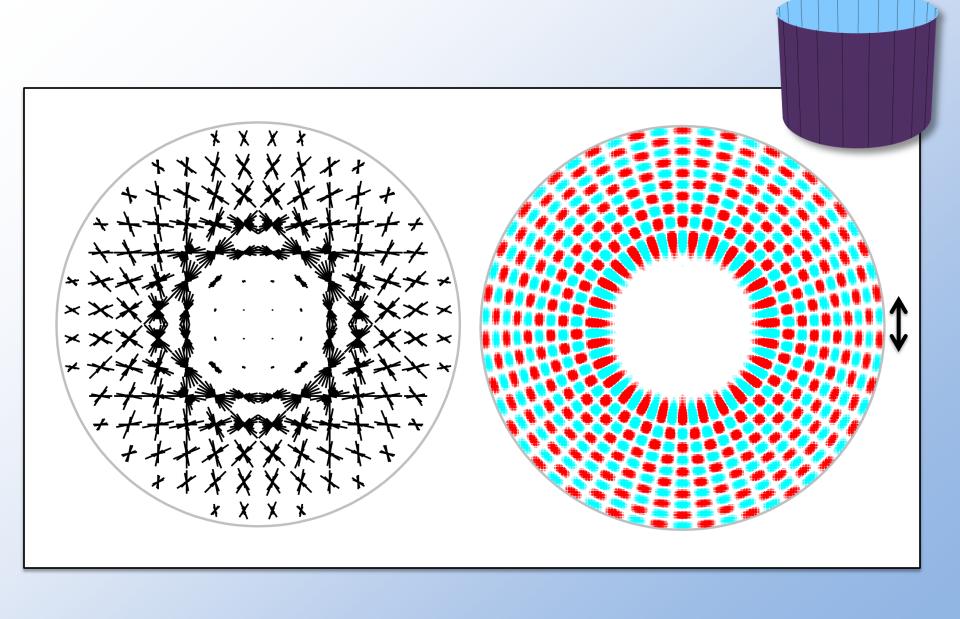
Examples

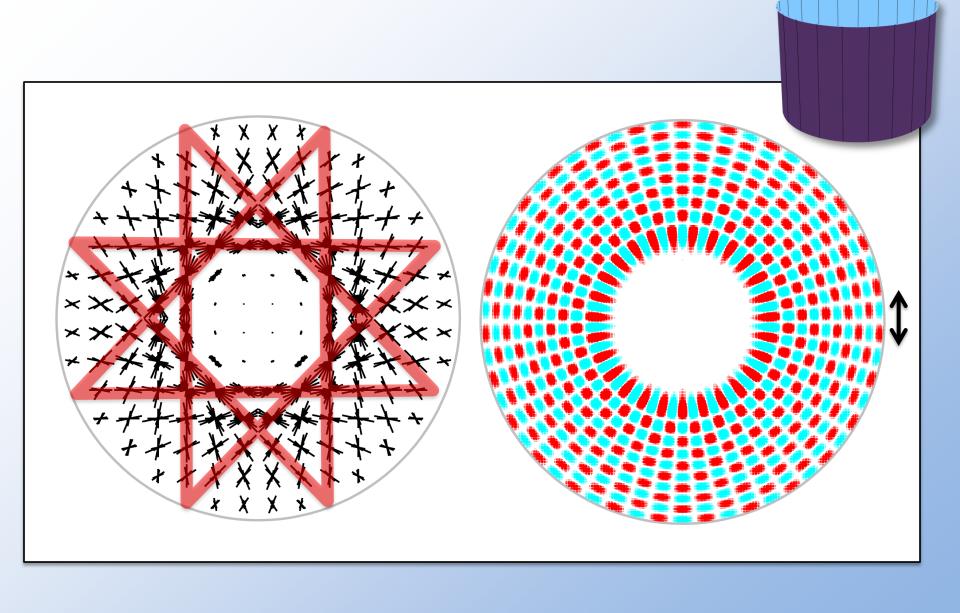


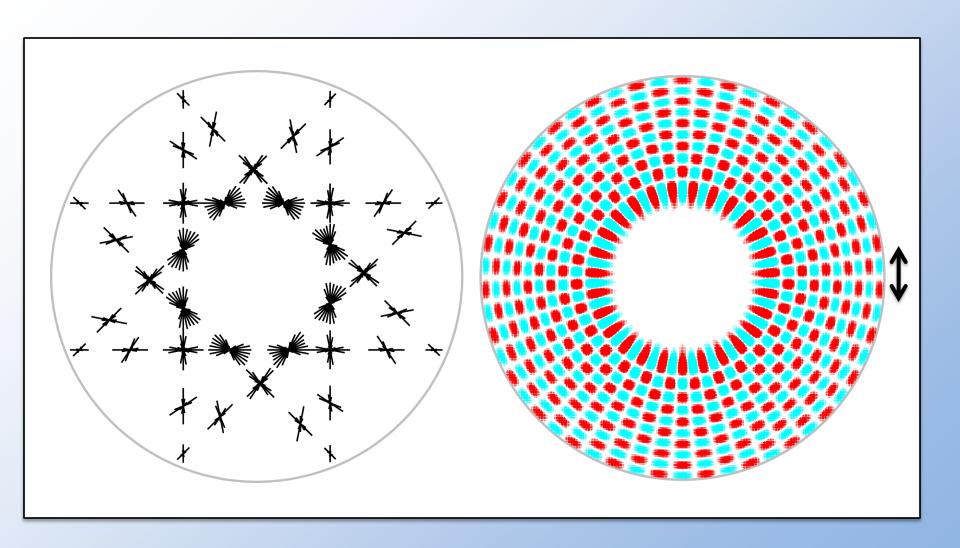


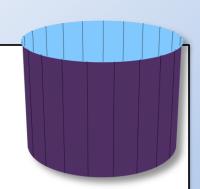
$$\frac{d^2R(r)}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{dR(r)}{dr} + k^2 - \frac{m^2}{r^2}$$

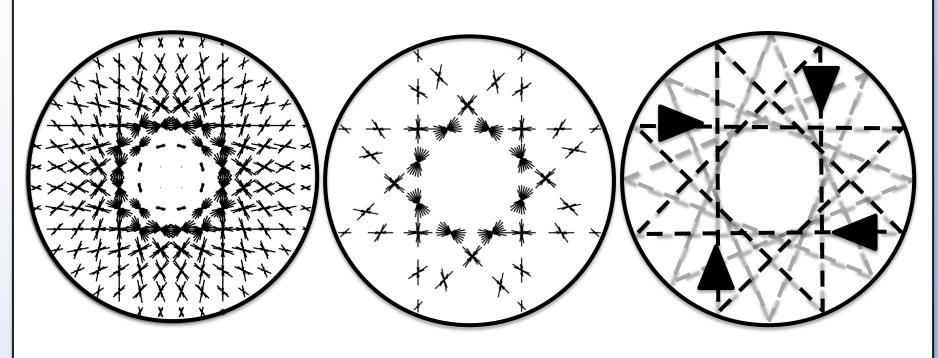


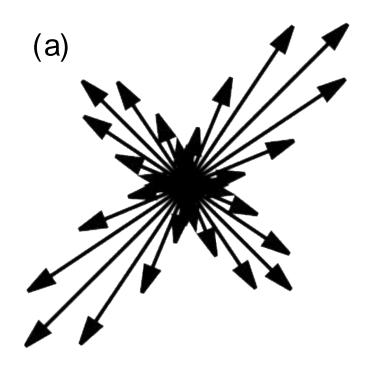


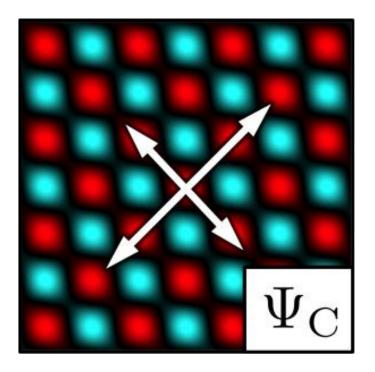




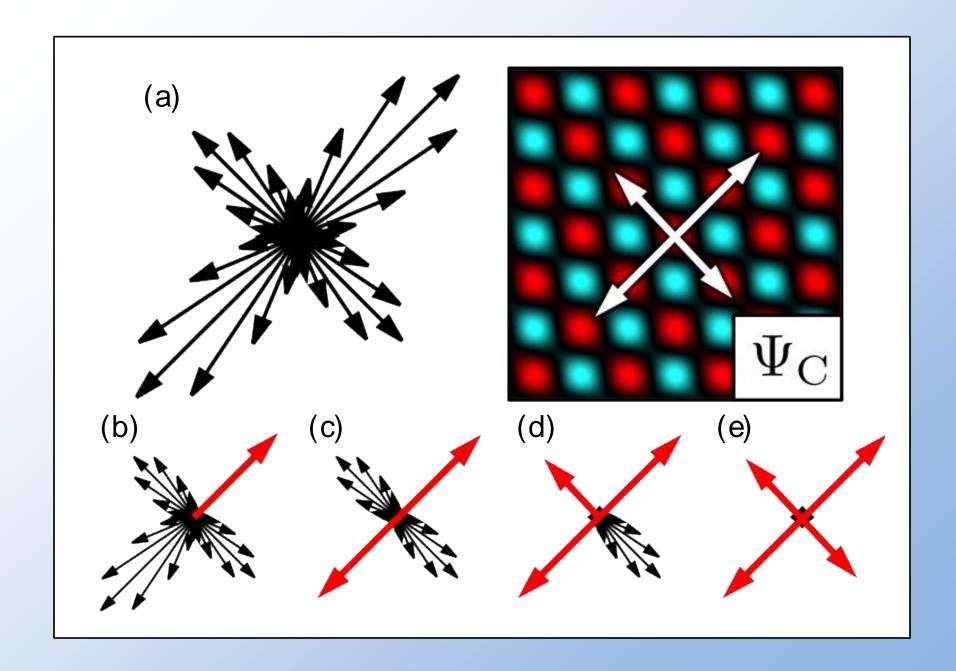


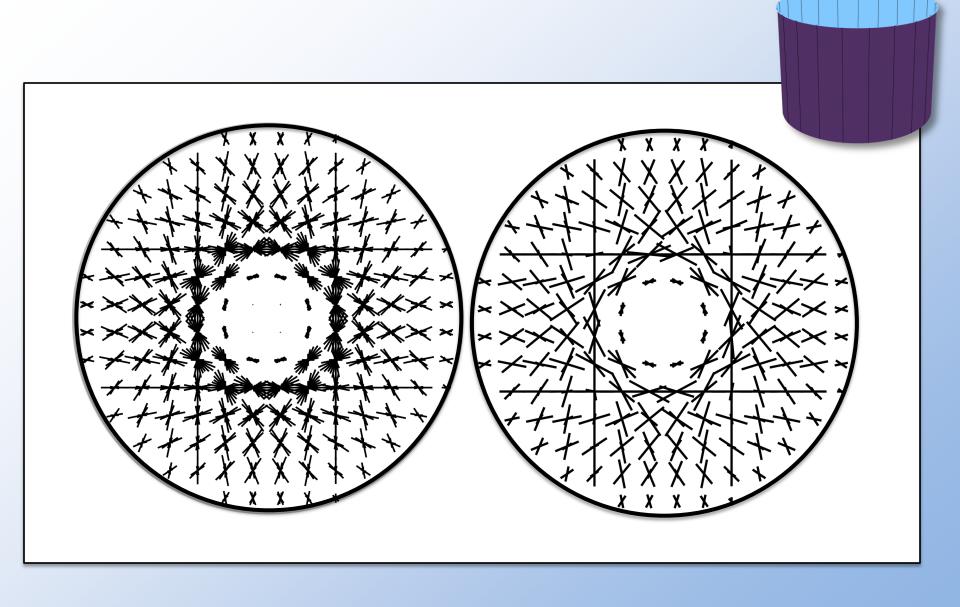




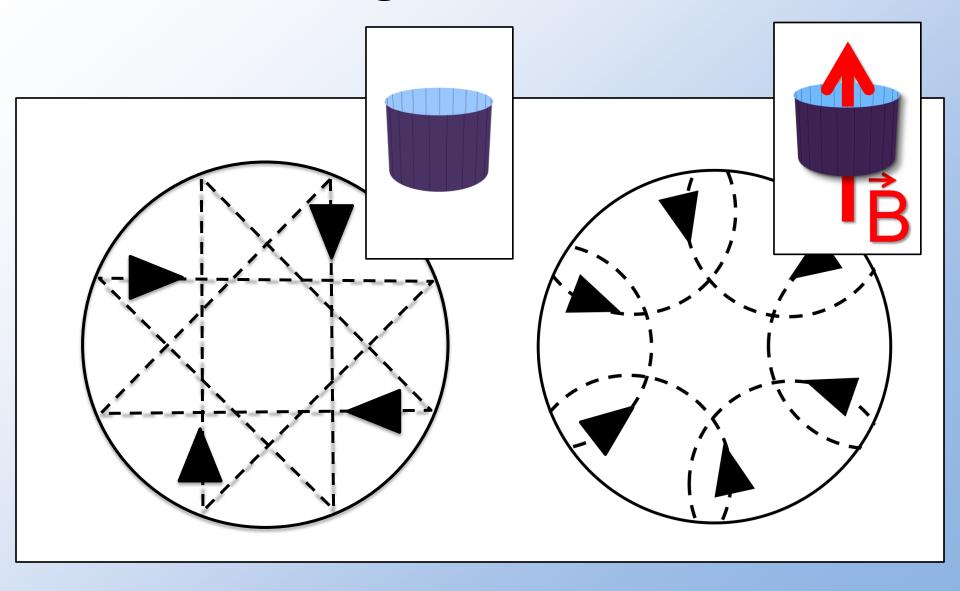


$$_{C}(r) = \angle \cos(k_1 \cdot r) + \beta \cos(k_2 \cdot r)$$



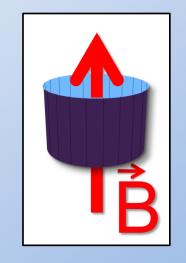


Magnetic Fields

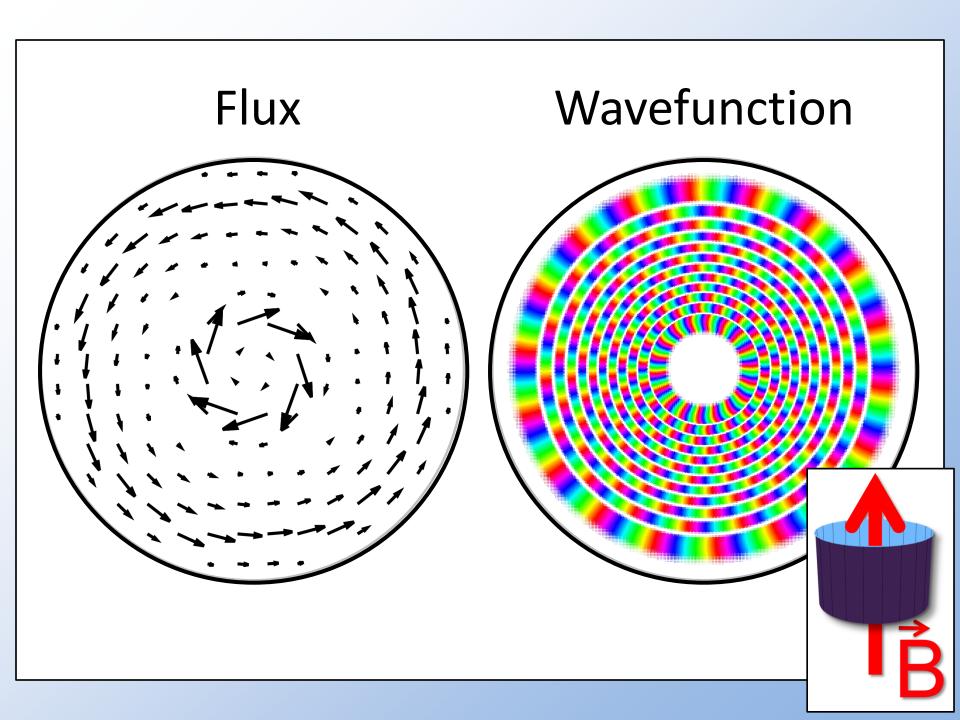


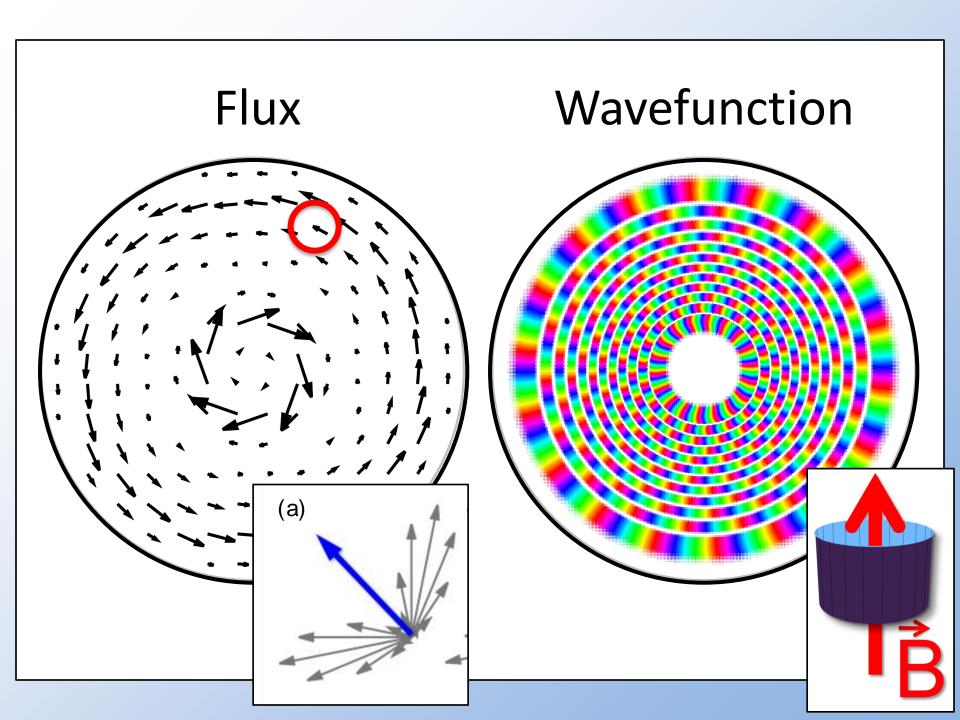
Magnetic Fields

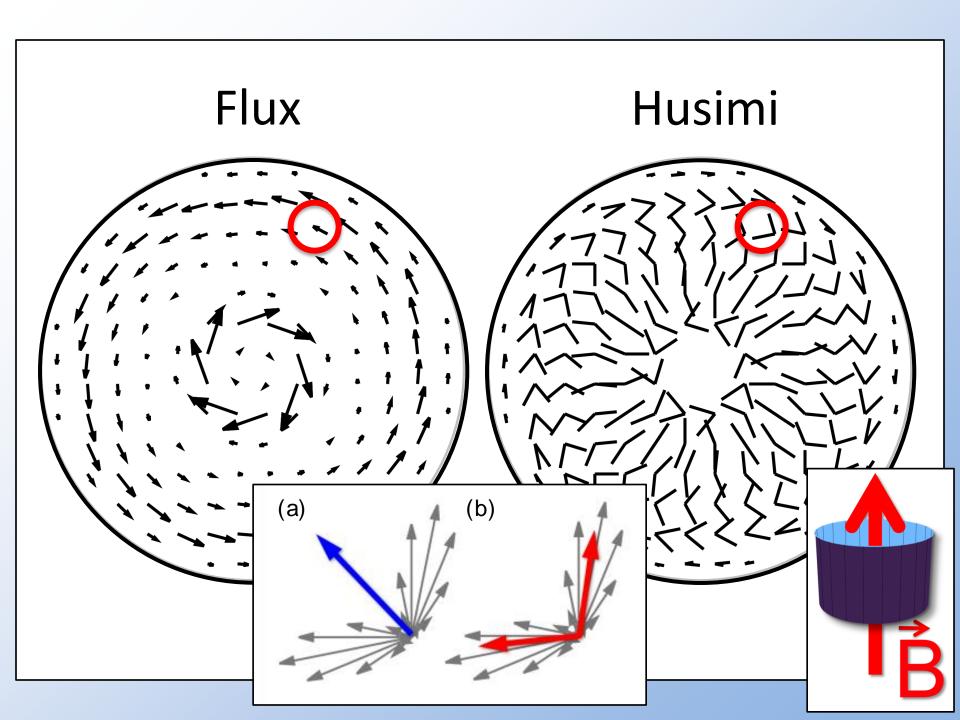
p!p-qA/c

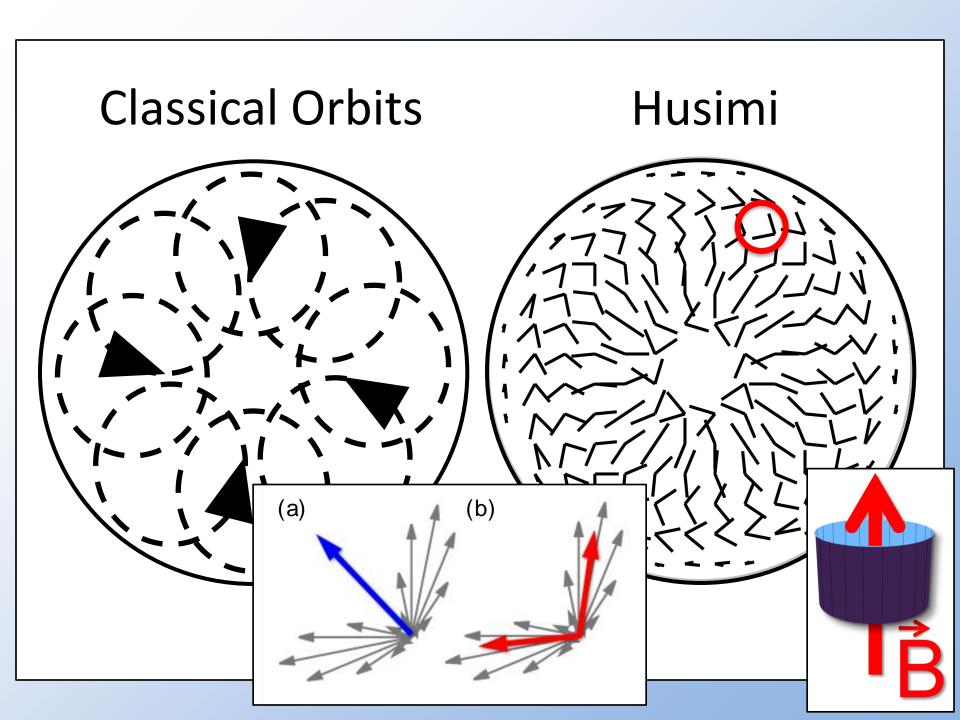


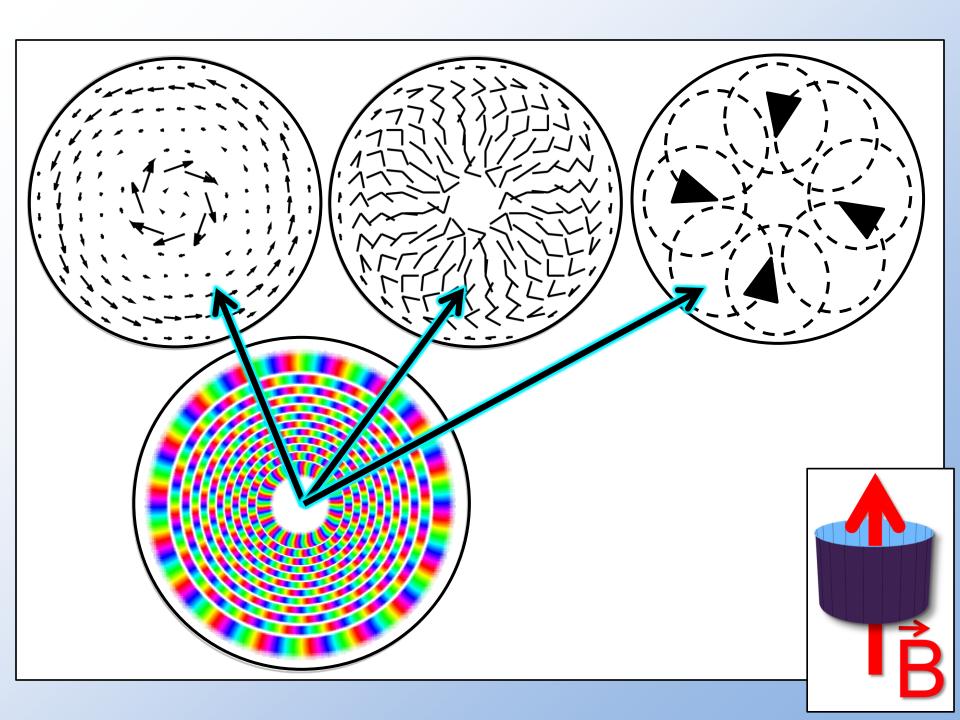
$$\operatorname{Hu}(\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma; (\mathbf{r})) = |h| |\mathbf{r}_0, \mathbf{k}_0, \sigma i|^2$$

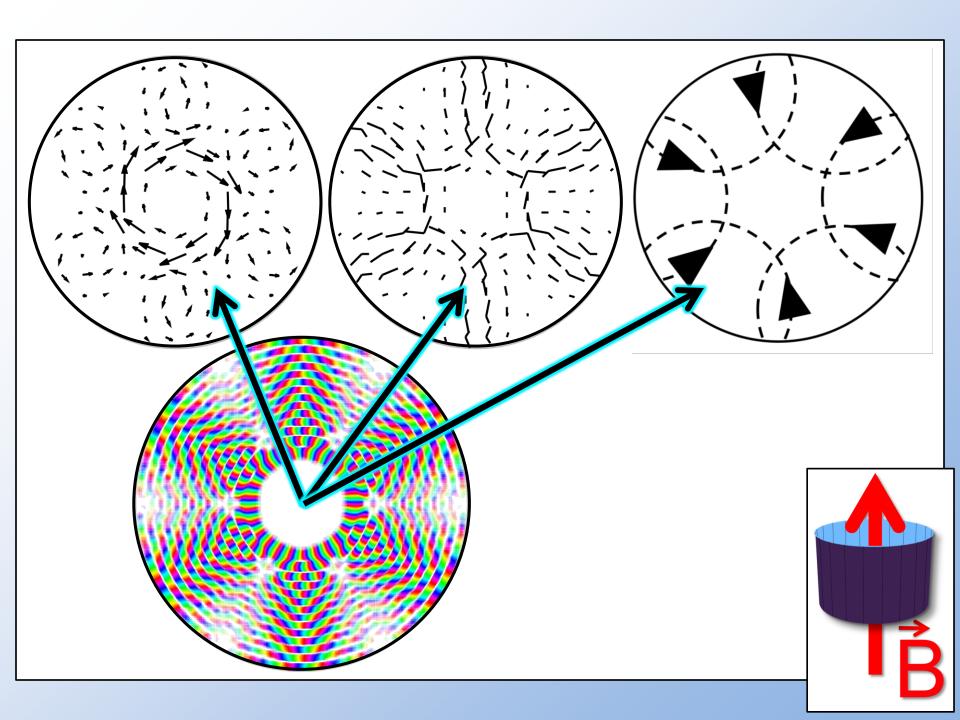












More Examples at www.douglasjmason.com

Acknowledgments

- http://www-heller.harvard.edu/people.html
- Mario Borunda
- Eric Heller

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