

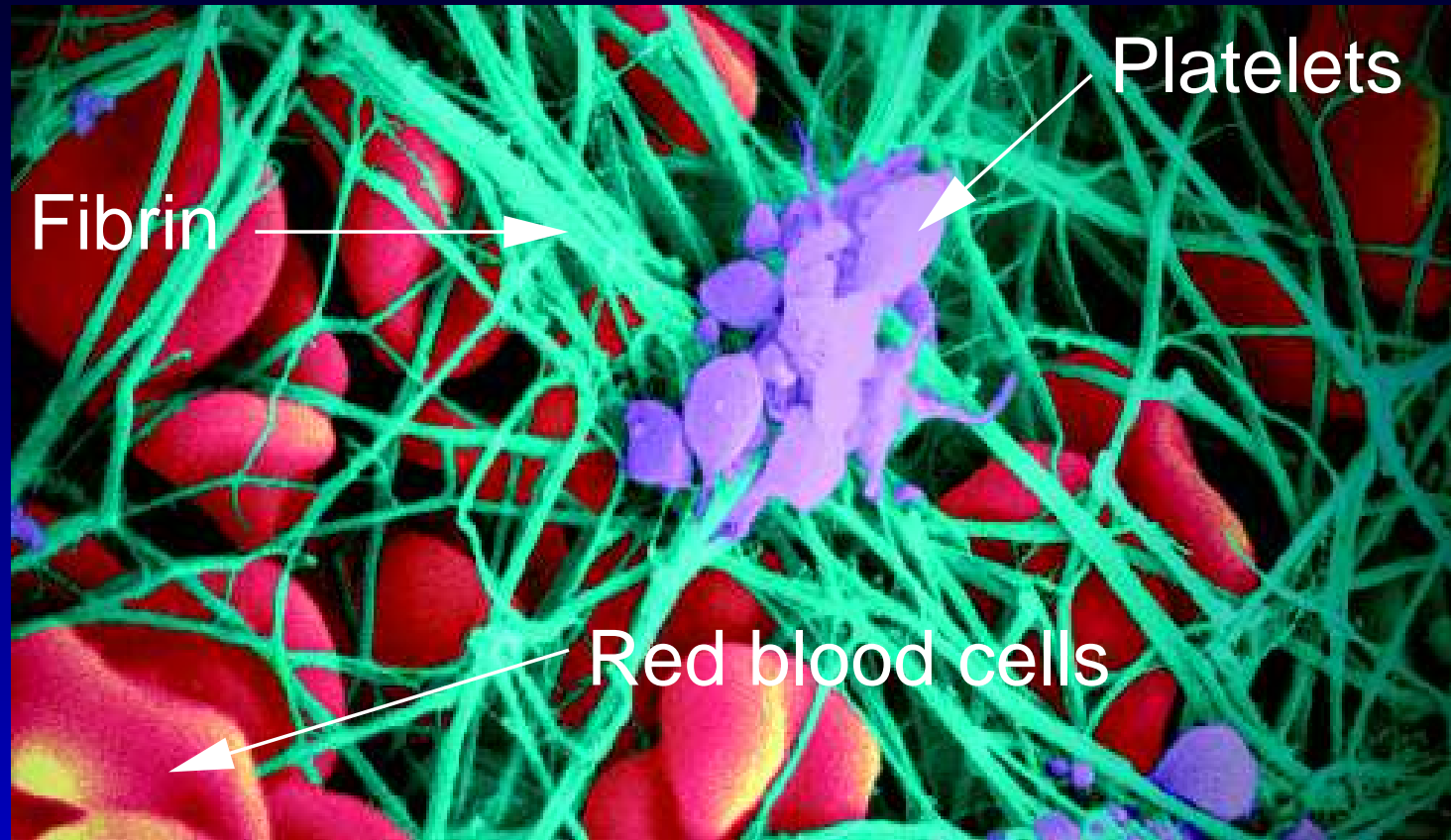


A Computational Method for Simulating the Interaction between Fluid and Elastic Structures

Elijah Newren

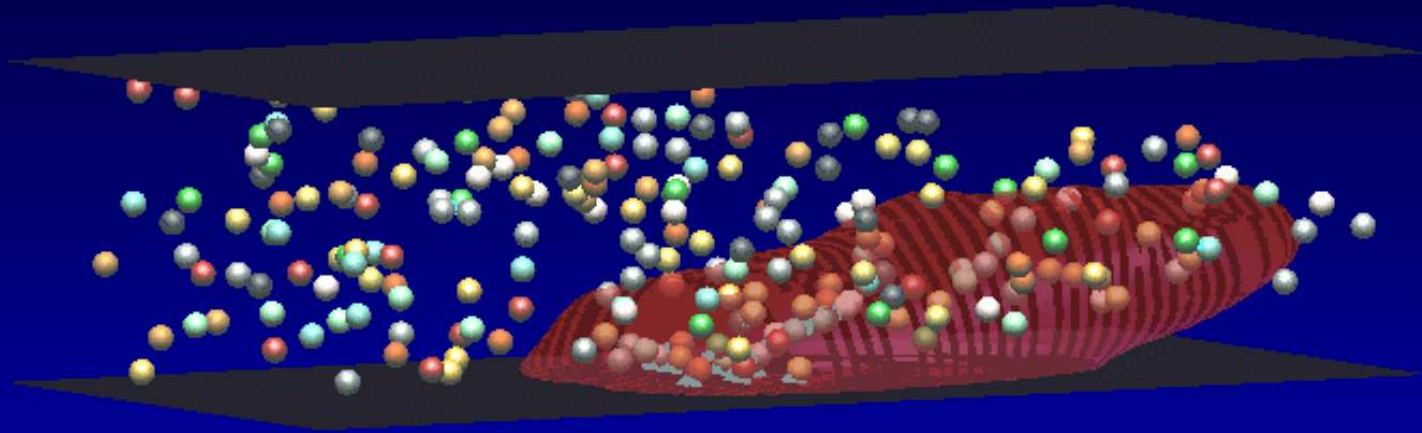
Department of Mathematics
University of Utah

Motivation



A colorized scanning electron micrograph of a blood clot formed *in vitro* without flow (Image by J. Weisel)

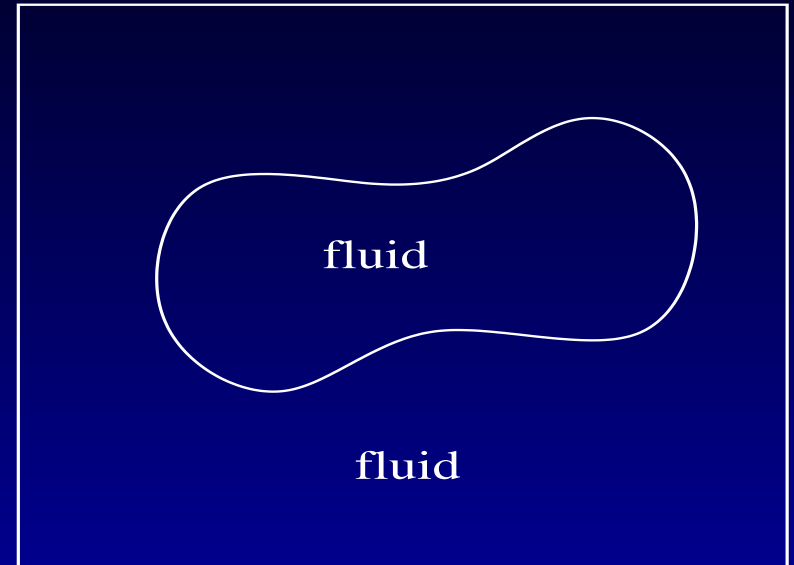
Motivation



Simulation of Platelet Aggregation by H. Yu and A. Fogelson

Simple Model Problem

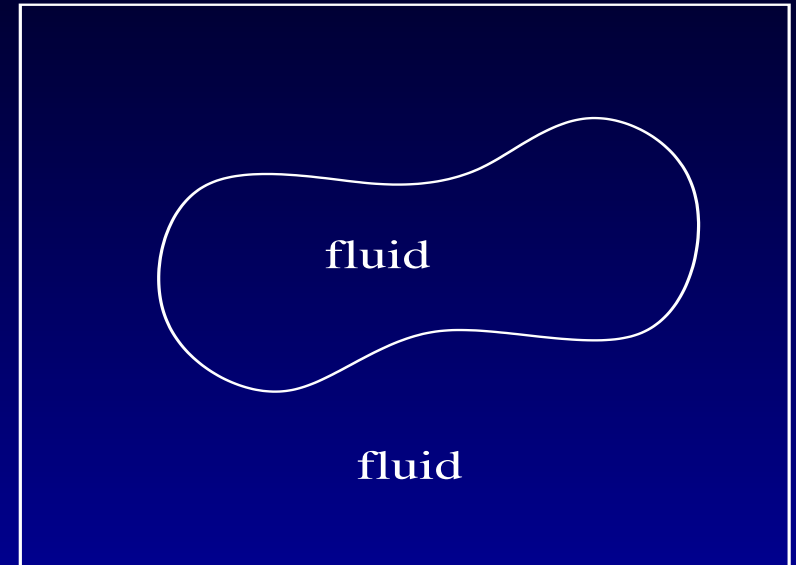
Think “2D water balloon”



Simple Model Problem

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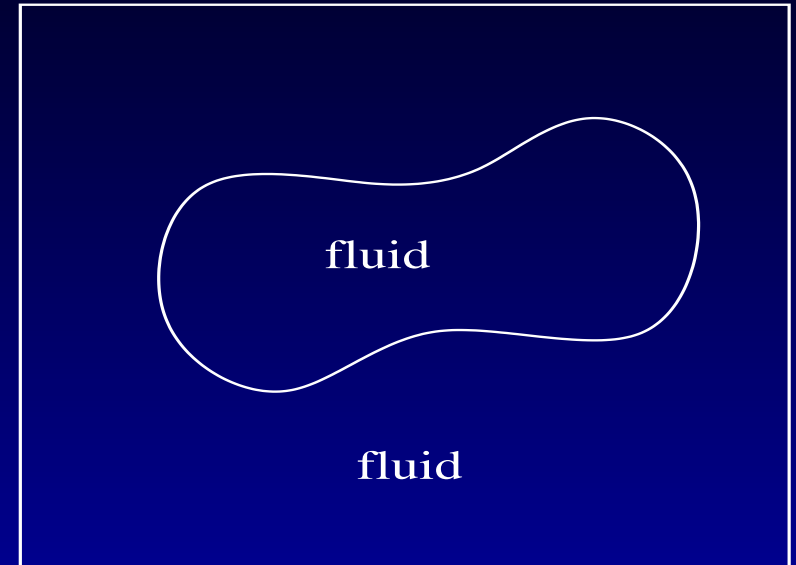
- Flow past multiple, moving, deformable objects



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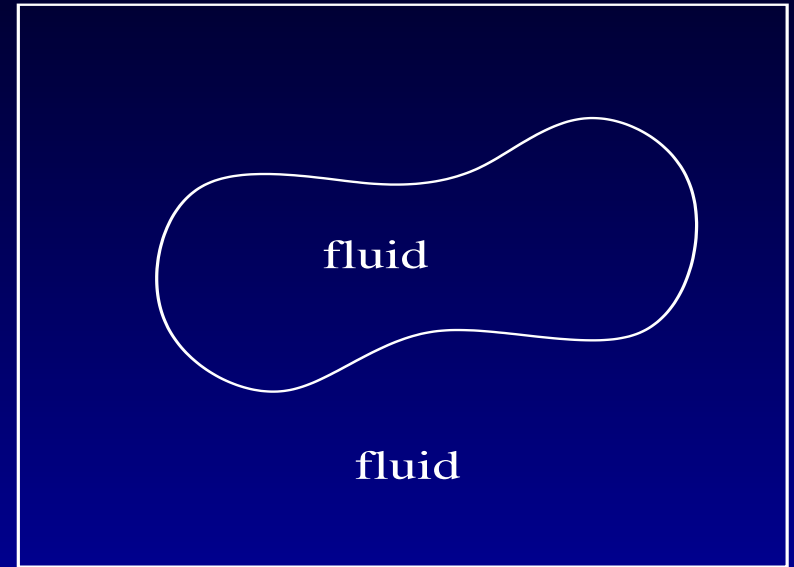
- Flow past multiple, moving, deformable objects
- One possibility: curve fitting grids



Simple Model Problem

Think “2D water balloon”

- Flow past multiple, moving, deformable objects
- One possibility: curve fitting grids
- Much simpler alternatives: Immersed Boundary and Immersed Interface Methods



Key Idea

Replace elastic structures by a singular force exerted on the surrounding fluid

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 - Fluid variables tracked on a structured Cartesian grid

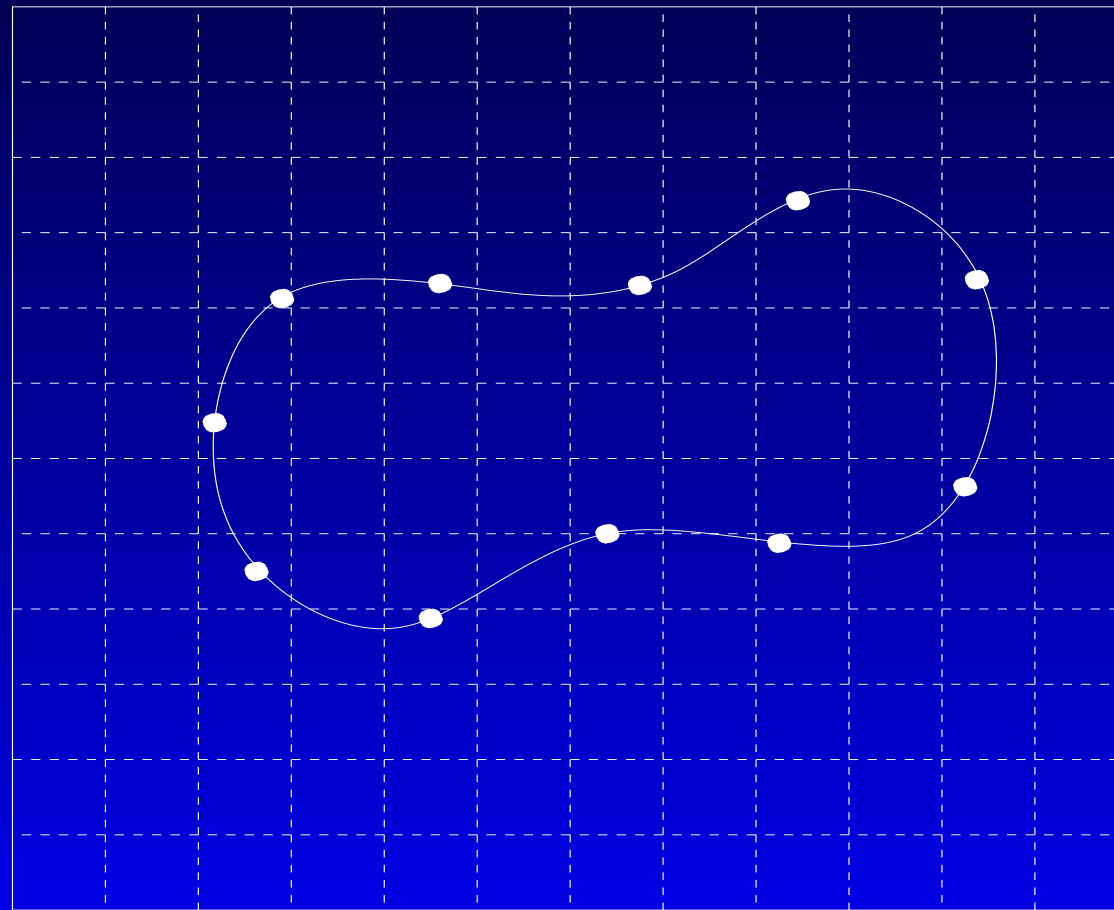
Key Idea

Replace elastic structures by a singular force exerted on the surrounding fluid

- Allows a single set of fluid dynamics equations to hold in the entire domain with no internal boundary conditions
- Results in two grids being used
 - Fluid variables tracked on a structured Cartesian grid
 - Structure variables tracked on a *moving* irregular surface mesh

Simple Model Problem

Mixed Eulerian-Lagrangian method; fixed Cartesian grid for fluid variables, *moving* irregular grid for the elastic structure.



IB/II Method

$$\mathbf{F} = \text{Compute Forces}(\mathbf{X})$$

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Communicate forces, \mathbf{F} , to Eulerian grid

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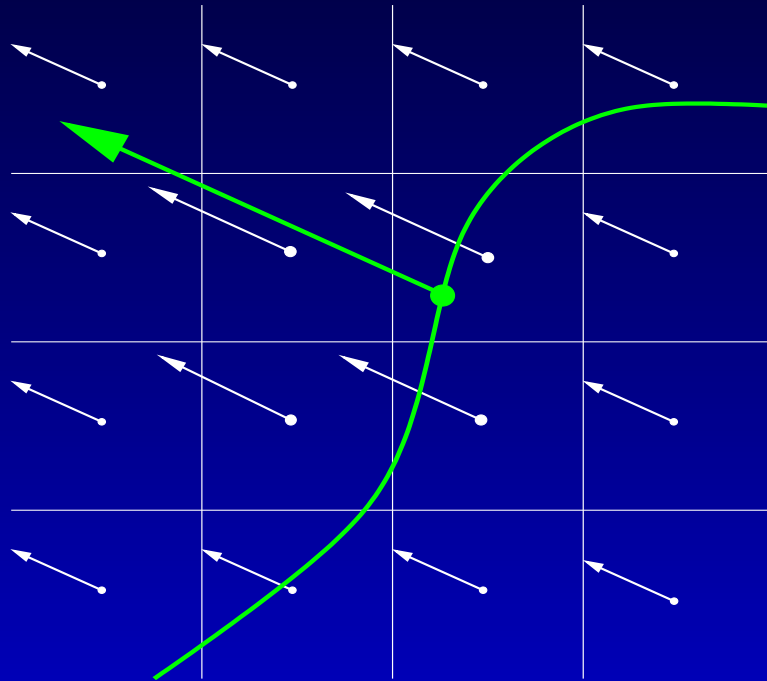
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Setting up grid from forces

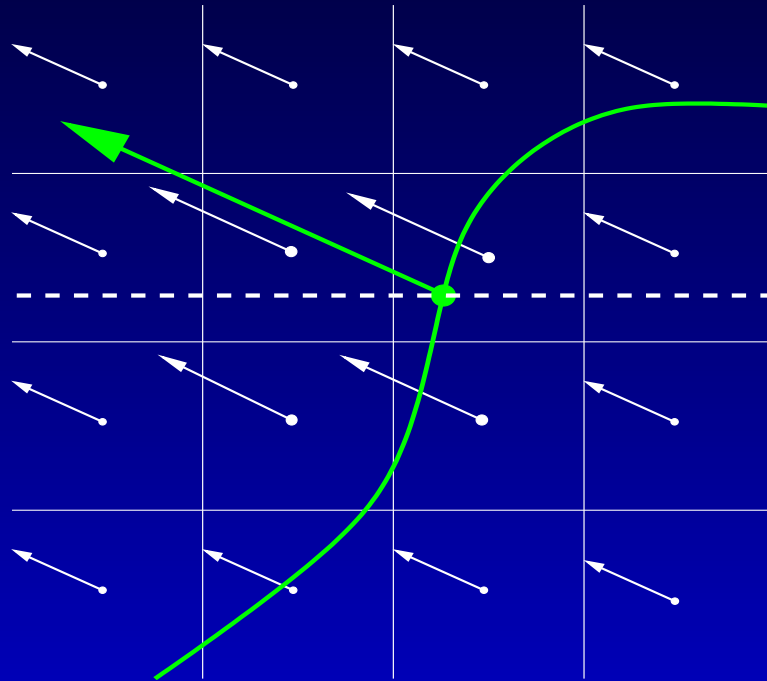
Immersed Boundary



Spreading the singular force

Setting up grid from forces

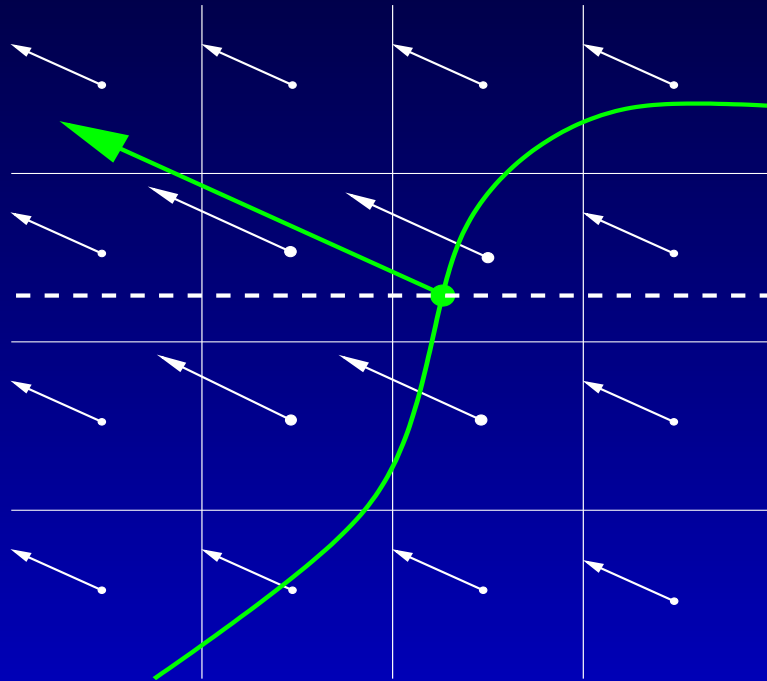
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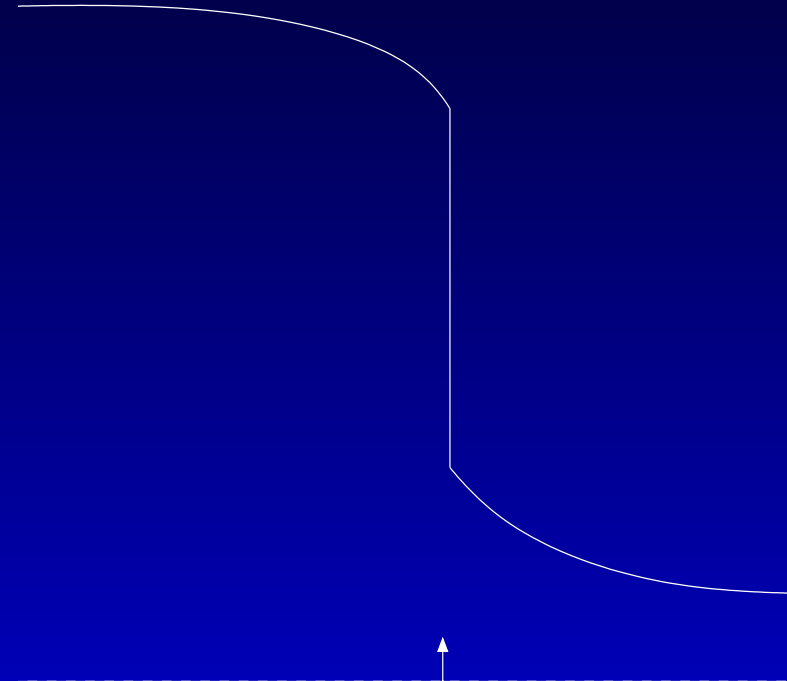
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Immersed Boundary



Spreading the singular force

Immersed Interface



Handling known
discontinuities (e.g. in
pressure) due to forces

Making the solver implicit

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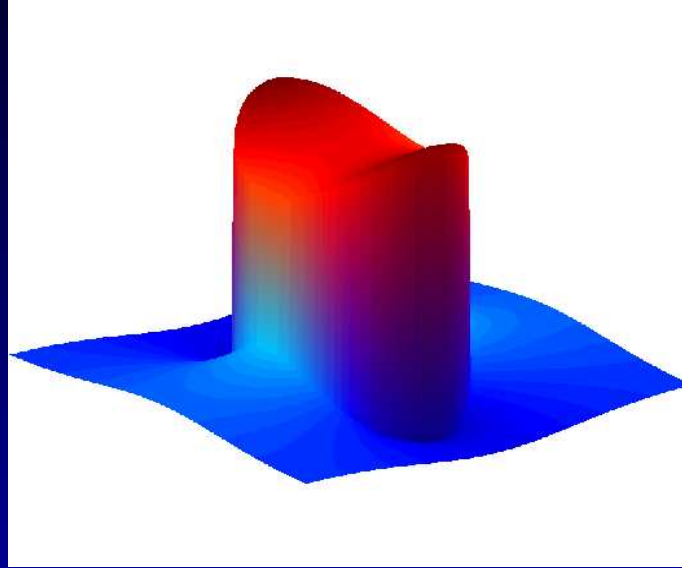
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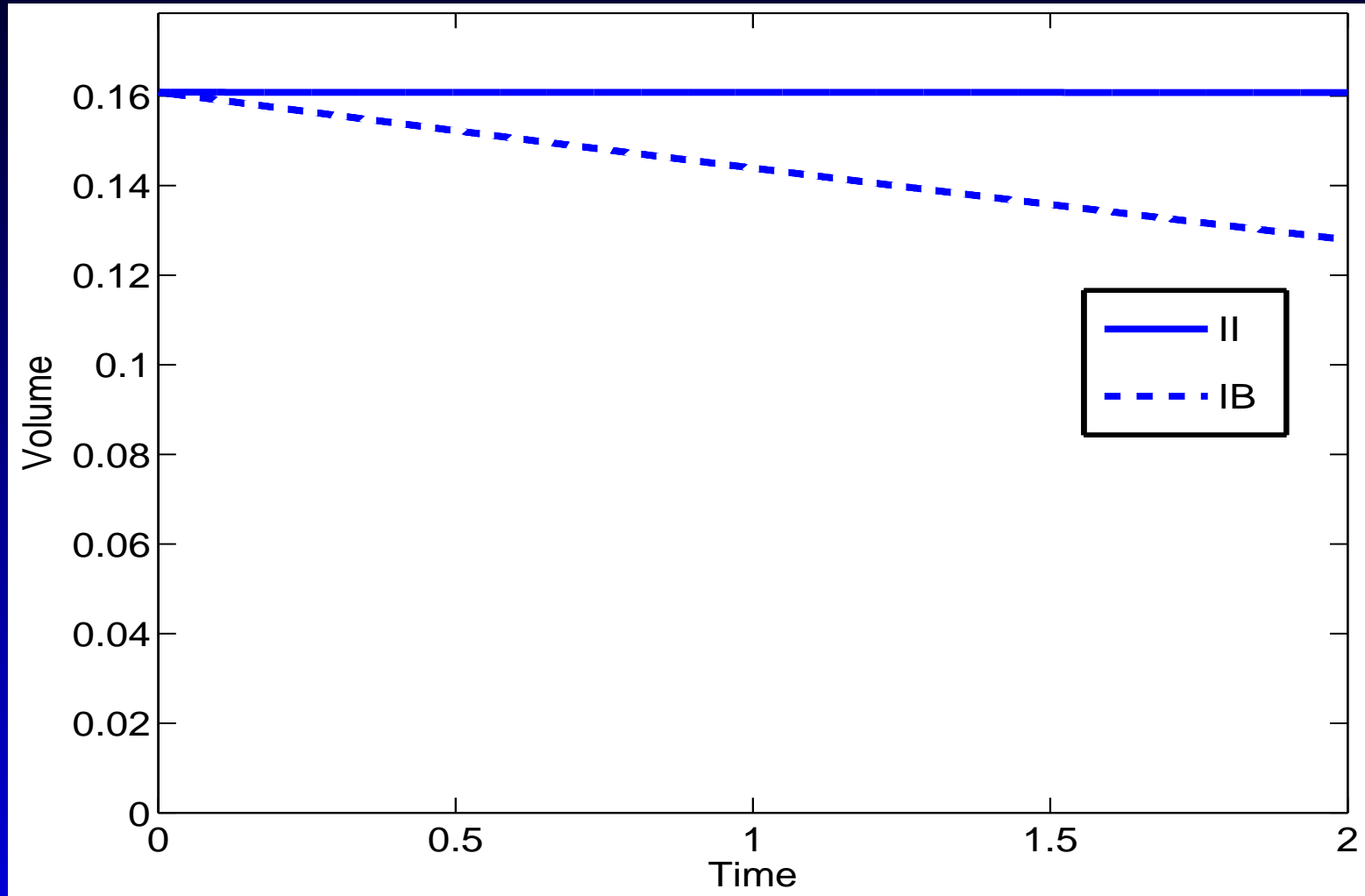
Update structure position using \mathbf{U}

Jacobian is large, dense, and involves nonlinear PDE solve

Example problem



Volume Conservation



Extending to 3D

- Need to be able to evaluate tangents, normals, and various order derivatives anywhere along the interface

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- Implementation underway using Radial Basis Functions

Solution components

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- (Approximate) Projection Method

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- Splines \rightarrow Radial Basis Functions
- Quasi-Newton Solver
- Lapack, Valgrind, others

Acknowledgements

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